

Are the swelling ratios of the melt at different positions across the die diameter equal?

To answer this question, radial extrudate swell measurements were carried out.

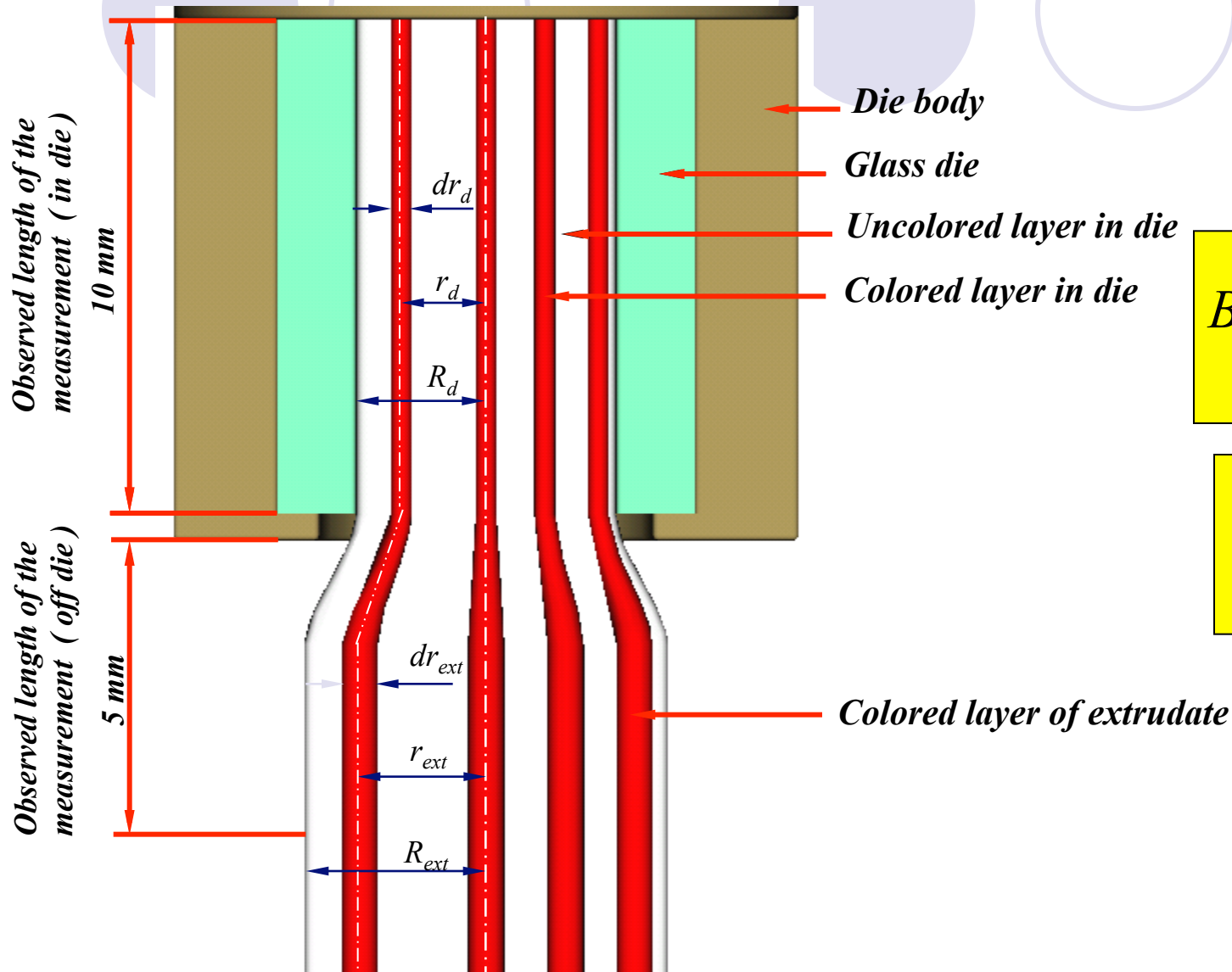
- The radial velocity profiles were then required to explain the radial extrudate swell changes.
- The swell and the velocity profiles data are very useful in co-extrusion processes.



Why (radial) die swell is so important!!!

- Control the size and shape of the extruded products. [Quality]
- Determine the productivity of the extruded products. [Quantity]
- So far, only overall die swell is widely measured. No evidence on *experimental investigations on* radial die swell has existed due to difficulties in the experimental designs.
- Radial die swell measurement is important *especially* in the co-extrusion process, for controlling the size of each flow layer.
- Associated with the occurrences of sharkskin and melt fracture

Radial extrudate swell profiles

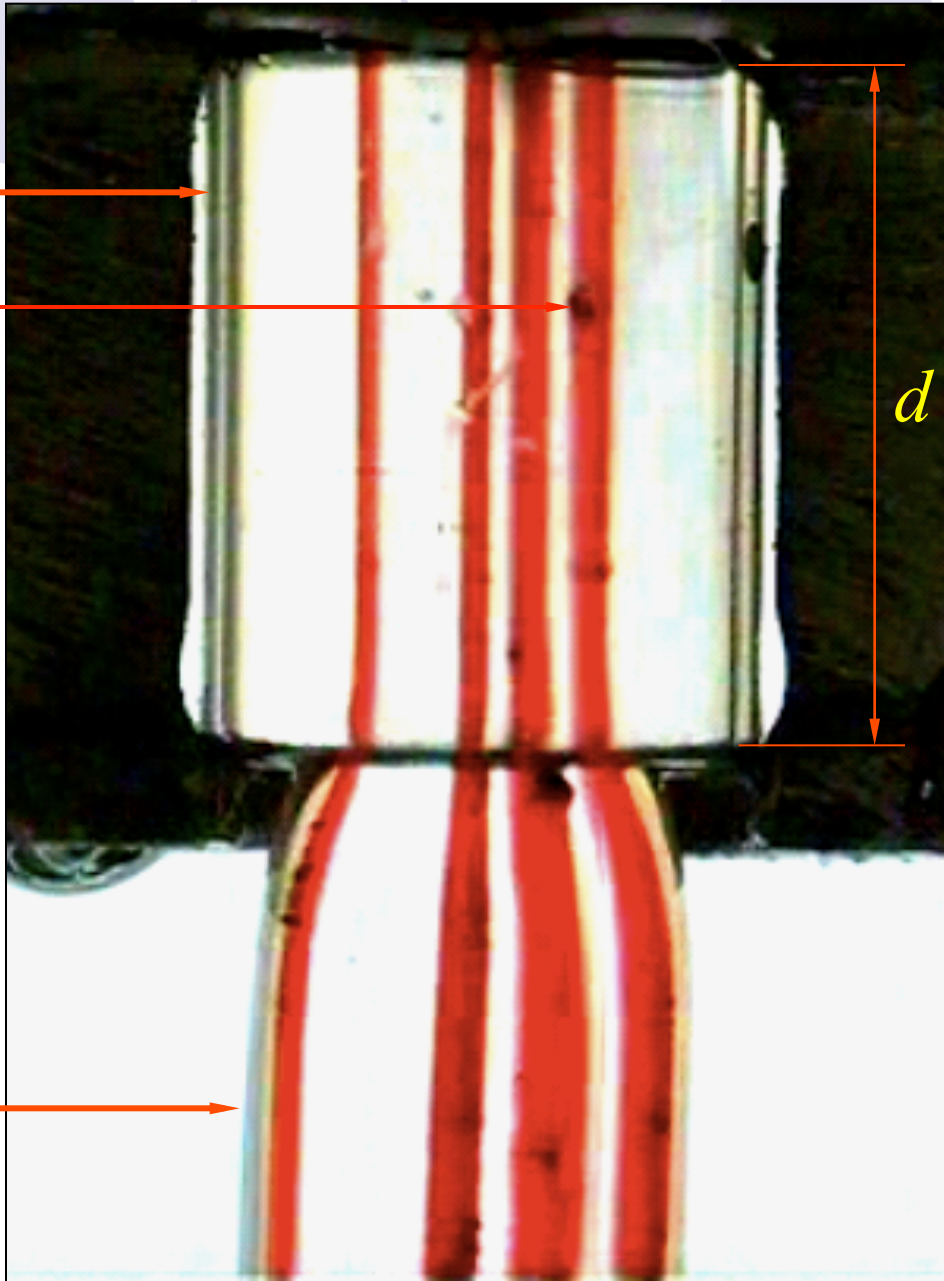


$$B_{overall} \propto \frac{R_{ext}}{R_d}$$

$$B_r \propto \frac{dr_{ext}}{dr_d}$$

Radial velocity profiles

Glass Die
Corn Particle



Extrudate

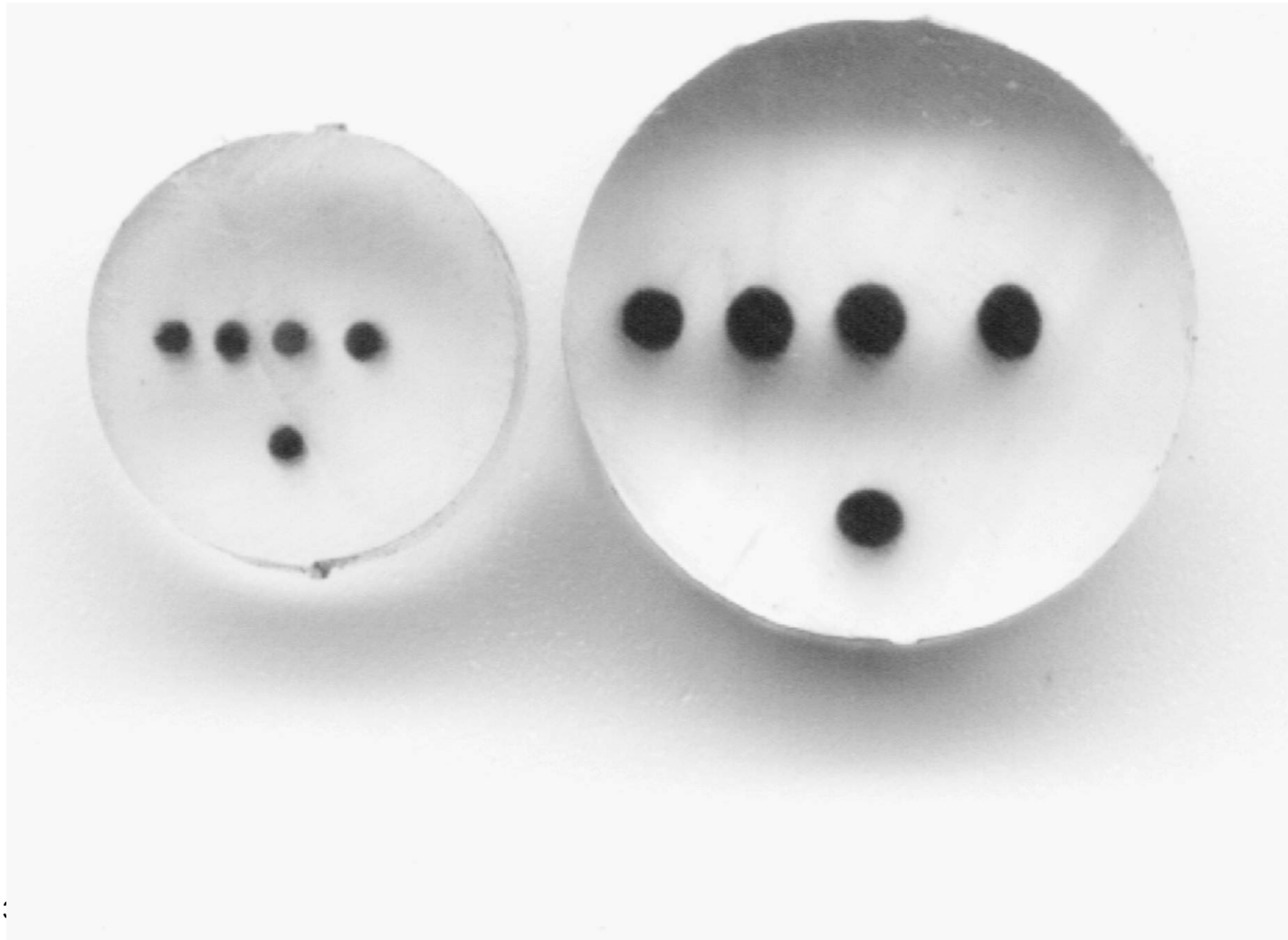
$$V = \frac{d}{t}$$

V = Velocity (mm/min)

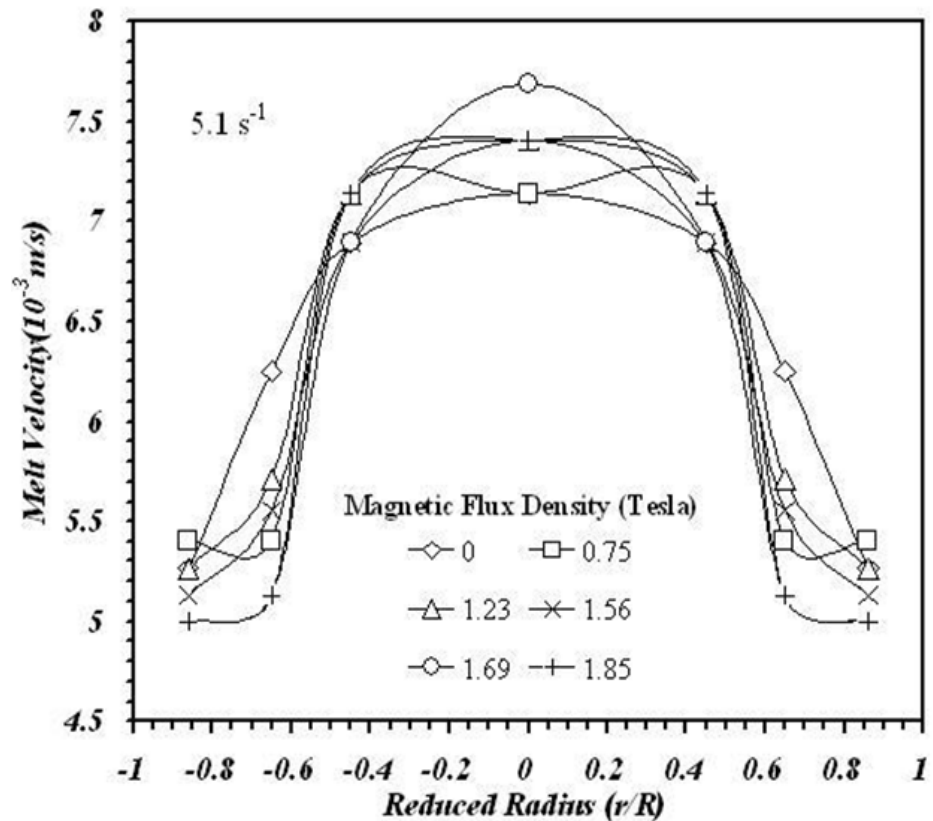
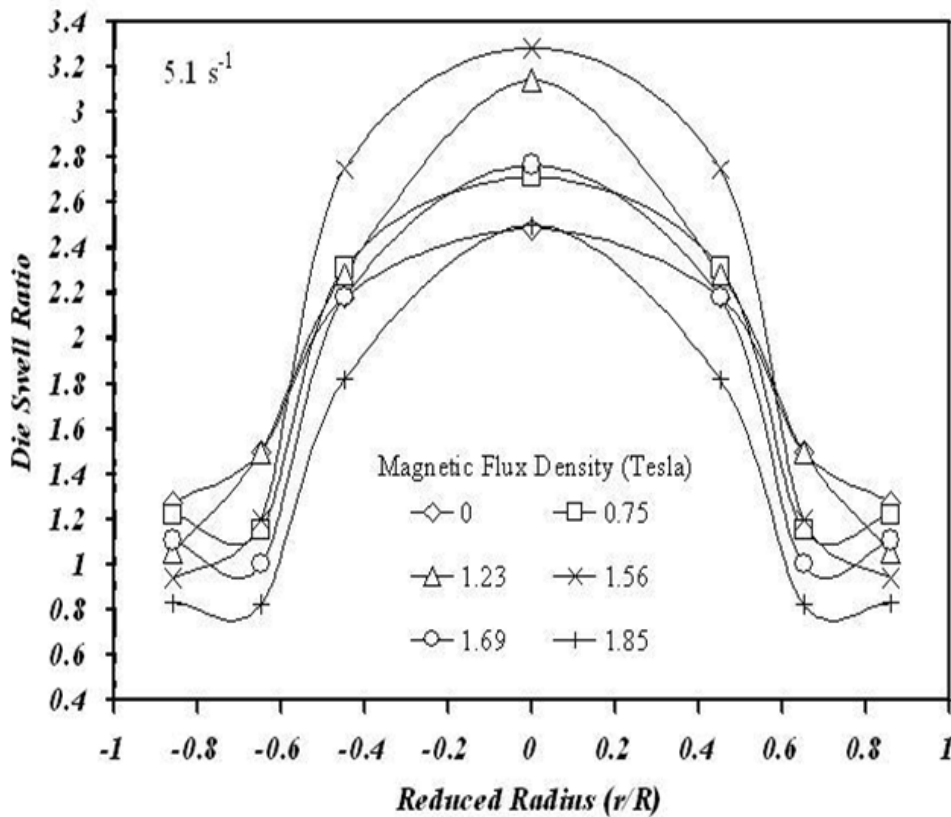
D = Distance (10 mm)

t = Time (s)

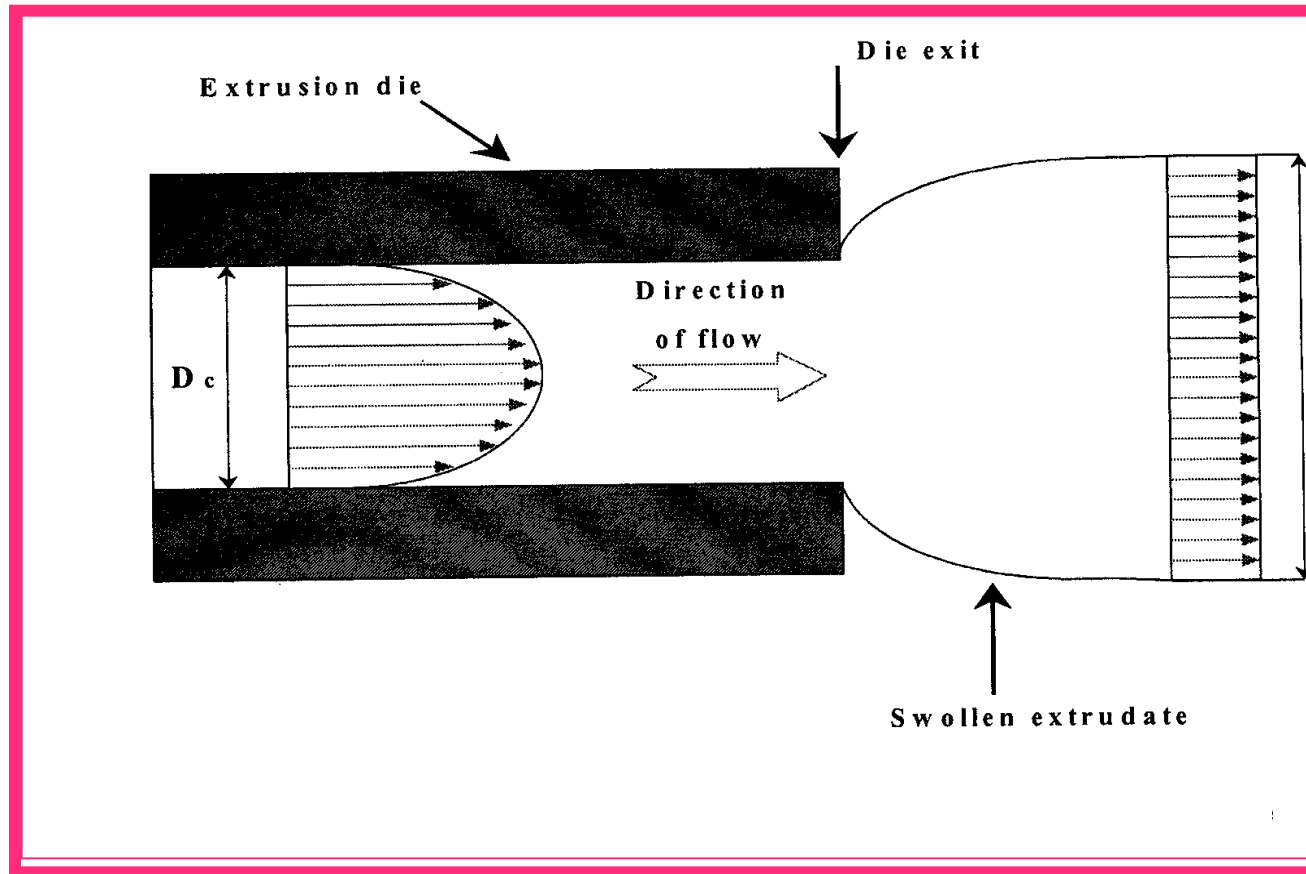
Preliminary results (not bad too)



Additional Experimental Results



Relationship between extrudate swell VS velocity profiles



Additional Experimental Results

